41. What were obstacles to the dissemination of the enlightenment?

42. How did Voltaire and Diderot disagree about enlightened monarchs.

43. How did Beccaria use enlightened thinking in his work On Crimes and Punishment?

44. What type of Education reforms had taken place?

45. How were the Jews persecuted?

46. Why did Voltaire say that Frederick the Great had turned a sad Sparta into a brilliant Athens?

47. What did Frederick really intend with his reforms and law code?

48. How did Prussian Law reinforce the distinction between the classes?

49. In the end how did Frederick reflect the limitations of enlightened absolutism?

50. How did Austria’s rulers Maria Theresa and Joseph II try to help the poor and how did the landowners react?

51. What was the Charter of the Nobility of 1785 and what did it say?

52. Why did Catherine the Great turn away from the Enlightenment?